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FROM ROGITZ 619 338 8078

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Remarks

Reconsideration is solicited. Claims 1-4, 7, 9, 10, and 13-16 have been rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103 as being unpatentable over Adar et al., USPN 6,493,702 in view of Jammes et al., USPN 6,484,149, and Claims 5, 6, 11, and 12 have been rejected as being unpatentable over these two references in view of

Khan, USPN 6,546,393.

Claim 1 now sets forth that at least one inlink includes information related to a source page and

information related to a target page linked to from the source page as disclosed on page 9, lines 5-15. Claim

13 incorporates the limitations of Claim 14 and Claim 15 now incorporates the limitations of Claim 16.

Claims 1-7, 9-13, and 15 remain pending.

Web page bookmarks have been relied on in Adar et al. as the claimed inlinks. However, being

bookmarks pointing only to target pages, they do not also contain information on the source pages as now

recited in Claim 1, nor is there any reason in Adar et al. to include such information in its bookmarks, which

are just that. Claim 1 will not be further addressed.

Turning to Claims 7 and 13, the rejection alleges that the hyperlinks which are generated in Jammes

et al. as a result of queries are "sibling" links, pointing to columns 45-47 of Jammes et al. without further

elucidation. But Claim 7 does not recite "sibling links" in a vacuum. Rather, Claim 7 recites that the list

of sibling links is generated based on a list of inlinks, with each sibling link being an outlink of one of the

inlinks in the table. In Jammes et al., regardless of the propriety of equating its hyperlinks with sibling links,

what is dispositive is that none of the relied-upon links are generated based on a list of other related links.

but instead appear to be created from scratch in response to a query, see, e.g., col. 45, lines 49-55.

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Second and as important, there is not the remotest shred of a prior art reason to combine Jammes et

al. with Adar et al. Adar et al. categorizes and ranks bookmarks from individual users that can be searched

by keyword, col. 8, essentially conflating an Internet search corpus to the bookmark database for focussed

searching. The bookmarked Web pages are thus the be-all and end-all in Adar et al. There is no reason to

look for outlinks to the bookmarked pages, because, per Adar et al., the bookmarks themselves, having been

designated by users, embody the user-centric preference base that can be used to "harness the power of the

online community", summary and col. 9, lines 20-25. In keeping with Adar et al.'s teachings and

suggestions, adding in outlinks to the bookmarks would only muddy the waters. Apart from that, nothing

in Adar et al. suggests exploring outlinks to its bookmarked Web pages.

Jammes et al. cannot be used to supply the missing suggestion to combine, because the relied-upon

URLs of Jammes et al. are generated as a result of a query, the very opposite of the relied-upon bookmarks

of Adar et al., which are gathered before searching to facilitate search. Accordingly, even if Jammes et al.

were to be combined with Adar et al. as proposed, Claim 7 would not result, but rather an odd and redundant

arrangement in which bookmarked Web pages of Adar et al, would be searched and then the URLs of the

searched pages would be regenerated using principles of Jammes et al. In other words, the relied-upon

inlinks of Adar et al. would be searched to produce the exact same inlinks using the templates of Jammes et

al., but no sibling links would be derived.

Applicant notes that the limitation of Claim 16 has not been addressed, and indeed it must be avoided

to maintain a rejection because nothing in Adar et al. appears to mention an inlink request time or a number

of times each inlink is used to hyperlink a user computer to a Web page.

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